# Kurzmitteilungen

# Der gemeine Holzbock (*Ixodes ricinus*) als Parasit der Zauneidechse (*Lacerta agilis*) im Stadtgebiet von Bonn

SIMONE MEISTER<sup>1</sup>, YVONNE MICHEEL<sup>1</sup>, MONIKA HACHTEL<sup>1</sup> & WOLFGANG BÖHME<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Biologische Station Bonn, Auf dem Dransdorfer Berg 76, D-53121 Bonn, info@biostation-bonn.de; <sup>2</sup>Zoologisches Forschungsmuseum Alexander Koenig, Adenauer Allee 160, D-53113 Bonn, w.boehme.zfmk@uni-bonn.de

### The common tick (Ixodes ricinus) as parasit of sand lizards (Lacerta agilis) in Bonn

Although ticks hardly pose a threat to a population of sand lizards, they are not neglectable as parasites and possible disease vector. While a detailed study on *Lacerta agilis* during the season 2007 in the urban area of Bonn in addition to population-ecology parameters the affliction by ticks was documented. The results were assessed and compared to literature values. The proportion of nearly 30 % attacked individuals in the whole population and 1,5 ticks per animal can be regarded as a moderate affliction rate. An impact on the condition of the reptiles was not detectable.

Key words: Reptilia, sand lizard, *Lacerta agilis*, common tick, *Ixodes ricinus*, parasitism, Germany.

## Gelbbauchunken (*Bombina variegata*) in sauren Hochmoor-Torfstichen

### JOACHIM KUHN

Forschungsstelle für Naturschutzbiologie, Marktstraße 26, D-89143 Blaubeuren

#### Yellow-bellied toads (Bombina variegata) in acidic peat bog ponds

Adult *Bombina variegata* specimens were found in small dystrophic water bodies created by peat-cutting in a raised bog (Murnauer Moos, Bavaria). The water was very acidic with pH 3 and partially covered by floating *Sphagnum cuspidatum*. The significance of habitats in mires (fens and bogs) for *B. variegata* is briefly discussed.

Key words: Amphibia, Anura, Bombina variegata, fen, mire, peat bog, peat-cutting.